

Comparison of Pre-2018 & 2018 Requirements for Consent

Pre 2018 Requirements	2018 Requirements	What's new?
<p>§46.116 General requirements for informed consent.</p> <p>Except as provided elsewhere in this policy, no investigator may involve a human being as a subject in research covered by this policy unless the investigator has obtained the legally effective informed consent of the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative. An investigator shall seek such consent only under circumstances that provide the prospective subject or the representative sufficient opportunity to consider whether or not to participate and that minimize the possibility of coercion or undue influence. The information that is given to the subject or the representative shall be in language understandable to the subject or the representative. No informed consent, whether oral or written, may include any exculpatory language through which the subject or the representative is made to waive or appear to waive any of the subject's legal rights, or releases or appears to release the investigator, the sponsor, the institution or its agents from liability for negligence.</p>	<p>§46.116 General requirements for informed consent.</p> <p>a) <i>General.</i> General requirements for informed consent, whether written or oral, are set forth in this paragraph and apply to consent obtained in accordance with the requirements set forth in paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section. Broad consent may be obtained in lieu of informed consent obtained in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section only with respect to the storage, maintenance, and secondary research uses of identifiable private information and identifiable biospecimens. Waiver or alteration of consent in research involving public benefit and service programs conducted by or subject to the approval of state or local officials is described in paragraph (e) of this section. General waiver or alteration of informed consent is described in paragraph (f) of this section. Except as provided elsewhere in this policy:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(1) Before involving a human subject in research covered by this policy, an investigator shall obtain the legally effective informed consent of the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative.</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(2) An investigator shall seek informed consent only under circumstances that provide the</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Key Information Summary ○ Organization of the ICF ○ New Elements of Consent ○ New Additional Elements of Consent ○ Broad Consent - **No plans to implement broad consent at this time ○ Requirement to post clinical trial consent forms ○ Waivers

prospective subject or the **legally authorized representative** sufficient opportunity to discuss and consider whether or not to participate and that minimize the possibility of coercion or undue influence.

(3) The information that is given to the subject or the **legally authorized representative** shall be in language understandable to the subject or the **legally authorized representative**.

(4) The prospective subject or the legally authorized representative must be provided with the information that a reasonable person would want to have in order to make an informed decision about whether to participate, and an opportunity to discuss that information.

(5) Except for broad consent obtained in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section:

(i) Informed consent must begin with a concise and focused presentation of the key information that is most likely to assist a prospective subject or legally authorized representative in understanding the reasons why one might or might not want to participate in the research. This part of the informed consent must be organized and presented in a way that facilitates comprehension.

(ii) Informed consent as a whole must present information in sufficient detail relating to the research, and must be organized and presented in a way that does not merely provide lists of isolated

<p>(a) Basic elements of informed consent. Except as provided in paragraph (c) or (d) of this section, in seeking informed consent the following information shall be provided to each subject:</p> <p>(1) A statement that the study involves research, an explanation of the purposes of the research and the expected duration of the subject's participation, a description of the procedures to be followed, and identification of any procedures which are experimental;</p> <p>(2) A description of any reasonably foreseeable risks or discomforts to the subject;</p> <p>(3) A description of any benefits to the subject or to others which may reasonably be expected from the research;</p>	<p>facts, but rather facilitates the prospective subject's or legally authorized representative's understanding of the reasons why one might or might not want to participate.</p> <p>(6) No informed consent may include any exculpatory language through which the subject or the legally authorized representative is made to waive or appear to waive any of the subject's legal rights, or releases or appears to release the investigator, the sponsor, the institution, or its agents from liability for negligence.</p> <p>(b) <i>Basic elements of informed consent.</i> Except as provided in paragraph (d), (e), or (f) of this section, in seeking informed consent the following information shall be provided to each subject or the legally authorized representative:</p> <p>(1) A statement that the study involves research, an explanation of the purposes of the research and the expected duration of the subject's participation, a description of the procedures to be followed, and identification of any procedures that are experimental;</p> <p>(2) A description of any reasonably foreseeable risks or discomforts to the subject;</p> <p>(3) A description of any benefits to the subject or to others that may reasonably be expected from the research;</p>	
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<p>(4) A disclosure of appropriate alternative procedures or courses of treatment, if any, that might be advantageous to the subject;</p> <p>(5) A statement describing the extent, if any, to which confidentiality of records identifying the subject will be maintained;</p> <p>(6) For research involving more than minimal risk, an explanation as to whether any compensation and an explanation as to whether any medical treatments are available if injury occurs and, if so, what they consist of, or where further information may be obtained;</p> <p>(7) An explanation of whom to contact for answers to pertinent questions about the research and research subjects' rights, and whom to contact in the event of a research-related injury to the subject; and</p> <p>(8) A statement that participation is voluntary, refusal to participate will involve no penalty or loss of benefits to which the subject is otherwise entitled, and the subject may discontinue participation at any time without penalty or loss of benefits to which the subject is otherwise entitled.</p>	<p>(4) A disclosure of appropriate alternative procedures or courses of treatment, if any, that might be advantageous to the subject;</p> <p>(5) A statement describing the extent, if any, to which confidentiality of records identifying the subject will be maintained;</p> <p>(6) For research involving more than minimal risk, an explanation as to whether any compensation and an explanation as to whether any medical treatments are available if injury occurs and, if so, what they consist of, or where further information may be obtained;</p> <p>(7) An explanation of whom to contact for answers to pertinent questions about the research and research subjects' rights, and whom to contact in the event of a research-related injury to the subject;</p> <p>(8) A statement that participation is voluntary, refusal to participate will involve no penalty or loss of benefits to which the subject is otherwise entitled, and the subject may discontinue participation at any time without penalty or loss of benefits to which the subject is otherwise entitled; and</p> <p>(9) One of the following statements about any research that involves the collection of identifiable</p>	
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<p>(b) Additional elements of informed consent. When appropriate, one or more of the following elements of information shall also be provided to each subject:</p> <p>(1) A statement that the particular treatment or procedure may involve risks to the subject (or to the embryo or fetus, if the subject is or may become pregnant) which are currently unforeseeable;</p> <p>(2) Anticipated circumstances under which the subject's participation may be terminated by the investigator without regard to the subject's consent;</p> <p>(3) Any additional costs to the subject that</p>	<p>private information or identifiable biospecimens:</p> <p>(i) A statement that identifiers might be removed from the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens and that, after such removal, the information or biospecimens could be used for future research studies or distributed to another investigator for future research studies without additional informed consent from the subject or the legally authorized representative, if this might be a possibility; or</p> <p>(ii) A statement that the subject's information or biospecimens collected as part of the research, even if identifiers are removed, will not be used or distributed for future research studies.</p> <p>(c) <i>Additional elements of informed consent.</i> Except as provided in paragraph (d), (e), or (f) of this section, one or more of the following elements of information, when appropriate, shall also be provided to each subject or the legally authorized representative:</p> <p>(1) A statement that the particular treatment or procedure may involve risks to the subject (or to the embryo or fetus, if the subject is or may become pregnant) that are currently unforeseeable;</p> <p>(2) Anticipated circumstances under which the subject's participation may be terminated by the investigator without regard to the subject's or the</p>	
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<p>may result from participation in the research;</p> <p>(4) The consequences of a subject's decision to withdraw from the research and procedures for orderly termination of participation by the subject;</p> <p>(5) A statement that significant new findings developed during the course of the research which may relate to the subject's willingness to continue participation will be provided to the subject; and</p> <p>(6) The approximate number of subjects involved in the study.</p>	<p>legally authorized representative's consent;</p> <p>(3) Any additional costs to the subject that may result from participation in the research;</p> <p>(4) The consequences of a subject's decision to withdraw from the research and procedures for orderly termination of participation by the subject;</p> <p>(5) A statement that significant new findings developed during the course of the research that may relate to the subject's willingness to continue participation will be provided to the subject;</p> <p>(6) The approximate number of subjects involved in the study;</p> <p>(7) A statement that the subject's biospecimens (even if identifiers are removed) may be used for commercial profit and whether the subject will or will not share in this commercial profit;</p> <p>(8) A statement regarding whether clinically relevant research results, including individual research results, will be disclosed to subjects, and if so, under what conditions; and</p> <p>(9) For research involving biospecimens, whether the research will (if known) or might include whole genome sequencing (i.e., sequencing of a human germline or somatic specimen with the intent to generate the genome or exome sequence of that specimen).</p>	
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	<p>(d) <i>Elements of broad consent for the storage, maintenance, and secondary research use of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens.</i> Broad consent for the storage, maintenance, and secondary research use of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens (collected for either research studies other than the proposed research or nonresearch purposes) is permitted as an alternative to the informed consent requirements in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section. If the subject or the legally authorized representative is asked to provide broad consent, the following shall be provided to each subject or the subject's legally authorized representative:</p> <p>(1) The information required in paragraphs (b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(5), and (b)(8) and, when appropriate, (c)(7) and (9) of this section;</p> <p>(2) A general description of the types of research that may be conducted with the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens. This description must include sufficient information such that a reasonable person would expect that the broad consent would permit the types of research conducted;</p> <p>(3) A description of the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens that might be used in research, whether sharing of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens might occur, and the types of institutions or researchers that might conduct research with the identifiable private information or</p>	
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	<p>identifiable biospecimens;</p> <p>(4) A description of the period of time that the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens may be stored and maintained (which period of time could be indefinite), and a description of the period of time that the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens may be used for research purposes (which period of time could be indefinite);</p> <p>(5) Unless the subject or legally authorized representative will be provided details about specific research studies, a statement that they will not be informed of the details of any specific research studies that might be conducted using the subject's identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens, including the purposes of the research, and that they might have chosen not to consent to some of those specific research studies;</p> <p>(6) Unless it is known that clinically relevant research results, including individual research results, will be disclosed to the subject in all circumstances, a statement that such results may not be disclosed to the subject; and</p> <p>(7) An explanation of whom to contact for answers to questions about the subject's rights and about storage and use of the subject's identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens, and whom to contact in the event of a research-related harm.</p>	
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2018 Requirement: Posting of Clinical Trial Consent Form

(h) *Posting of clinical trial consent form.* (1) For each clinical trial conducted or supported by a Federal department or agency, one IRB-approved informed consent form used to enroll subjects must be posted by the awardee or the Federal department or agency component conducting the trial on a publicly available Federal Web site that will be established as a repository for such informed consent forms.

Waivers

Pre-2018 Requirements	2018 Requirements	What's New?
<p>§46.116(d) Waiver of Consent & Alterations</p> <p>(d) An IRB may approve a consent procedure which does not include, or which alters, some or all of the elements of informed consent set forth in this section, or waive the requirements to obtain informed consent provided the IRB finds and documents that:</p> <p>(1) The research involves no more than minimal risk to the subjects;</p> <p>(2) The waiver or alteration will not adversely affect the rights and welfare of the subjects;</p>	<p>§46.116(f) Waiver of Consent & Alterations</p> <p>(f) <i>General waiver or alteration of consent</i>—</p> <p>(1) <i>Waiver.</i> An IRB may waive the requirement to obtain informed consent for research under paragraphs (a) through (c) of this section, provided the IRB satisfies the requirements of paragraph (f)(3) of this section. If an individual was asked to provide broad consent for the storage, maintenance, and secondary research use of identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens in accordance with the requirements at paragraph (d) of this section, and refused to consent, an IRB cannot waive consent for the storage, maintenance, or secondary research use of the identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens.</p> <p>(2) <i>Alteration.</i> An IRB may approve a consent procedure that omits some, or alters some or all,</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ New Waiver Criterion ○ Broad Consent restrictions ○ New Waiver of Documentation of Consent Criterion

<p>(3) The research could not practicably be carried out without the waiver or alteration; and</p> <p>(4) Whenever appropriate, the subjects will be provided with additional pertinent information after participation.</p>	<p>of the elements of informed consent set forth in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section provided the IRB satisfies the requirements of paragraph (f)(3) of this section. An IRB may not omit or alter any of the requirements described in paragraph (a) of this section. If a broad consent procedure is used, an IRB may not omit or alter any of the elements required under paragraph (d) of this section.</p> <p><i>(3) Requirements for waiver and alteration.</i> In order for an IRB to waive or alter consent as described in this subsection, the IRB must find and document that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) The research involves no more than minimal risk to the subjects;(ii) The research could not practicably be carried out without the requested waiver or alteration;(iii) If the research involves using identifiable private information or identifiable biospecimens, the research could not practicably be carried out without using such information or biospecimens in an identifiable format;(iv) The waiver or alteration will not adversely affect the rights and welfare of the subjects; and(v) Whenever appropriate, the subjects or legally authorized representatives will be provided with additional pertinent information after participation.	
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<p>§46.117 Documentation of informed consent.</p> <p>(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, informed consent shall be documented by the use of a written consent form approved by the IRB and signed by the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative. A copy shall be given to the person signing the form.</p> <p>(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the consent form may be either of the following:</p> <p>(1) A written consent document that embodies the elements of informed consent required by §46.116. This form may be read to the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative, but in any event, the investigator shall give either the subject or the representative adequate opportunity to read it before it is signed; or</p> <p>(2) A short form written consent document stating that the elements of</p>	<p>§46.117 Documentation of informed consent.</p> <p>(a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, informed consent shall be documented by the use of a written informed consent form approved by the IRB and signed (including in an electronic format) by the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative. A written copy shall be given to the person signing the informed consent form.</p> <p>(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the informed consent form may be either of the following:</p> <p>(1) A written informed consent form that meets the requirements of §46.116. The investigator shall give either the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative adequate opportunity to read the informed consent form before it is signed; alternatively, this form may be read to the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative.</p> <p>(2) A short form written informed consent form stating that the elements of informed consent required by §46.116 have been presented orally to the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative, and that the key information required by §46.116(a)(5)(i) was presented first to the subject, before other information, if any, was provided. The IRB shall approve a written summary of what is to be said to the subject or the legally authorized representative. When this</p>	<p>○</p>
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<p>informed consent required by §46.116 have been presented orally to the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative. When this method is used, there shall be a witness to the oral presentation. Also, the IRB shall approve a written summary of what is to be said to the subject or the representative. Only the short form itself is to be signed by the subject or the representative. However, the witness shall sign both the short form and a copy of the summary, and the person actually obtaining consent shall sign a copy of the summary. A copy of the summary shall be given to the subject or the representative, in addition to a copy of the short form.</p> <p>(c) An IRB may waive the requirement for the investigator to obtain a signed consent form for some or all subjects if it finds either:</p> <p>(1) That the only record linking the subject and the research would be the consent document and the principal risk would be potential harm resulting from a breach of confidentiality. Each subject will</p>	<p>method is used, there shall be a witness to the oral presentation. Only the short form itself is to be signed by the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative. However, the witness shall sign both the short form and a copy of the summary, and the person actually obtaining consent shall sign a copy of the summary. A copy of the summary shall be given to the subject or the subject's legally authorized representative, in addition to a copy of the short form.</p> <p>(c)(1) An IRB may waive the requirement for the investigator to obtain a signed informed consent form for some or all subjects if it finds any of the following:</p> <p>(i) That the only record linking the subject and the research would be the informed consent form and the principal risk would be potential harm resulting from a breach of confidentiality. Each subject (or legally authorized representative) will be asked whether the subject wants documentation linking the subject with the research, and the subject's</p>	
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<p>be asked whether the subject wants documentation linking the subject with the research, and the subject's wishes will govern; or</p> <p>(2) That the research presents no more than minimal risk of harm to subjects and involves no procedures for which written consent is normally required outside of the research context.</p> <p>In cases in which the documentation requirement is waived, the IRB may require the investigator to provide subjects with a written statement regarding the research.</p>	<p>wishes will govern;</p> <p>(ii) That the research presents no more than minimal risk of harm to subjects and involves no procedures for which written consent is normally required outside of the research context; or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">○ (iii) If the subjects or legally authorized representatives are members of a distinct cultural group or community in which signing forms is not the norm, that the research presents no more than minimal risk of harm to subjects and provided there is an appropriate alternative mechanism for documenting that informed consent was obtained. <p>(2) In cases in which the documentation requirement is waived, the IRB may require the investigator to provide subjects or legally authorized representatives with a written statement regarding the research.</p>	
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